# Governance of Indian Nations

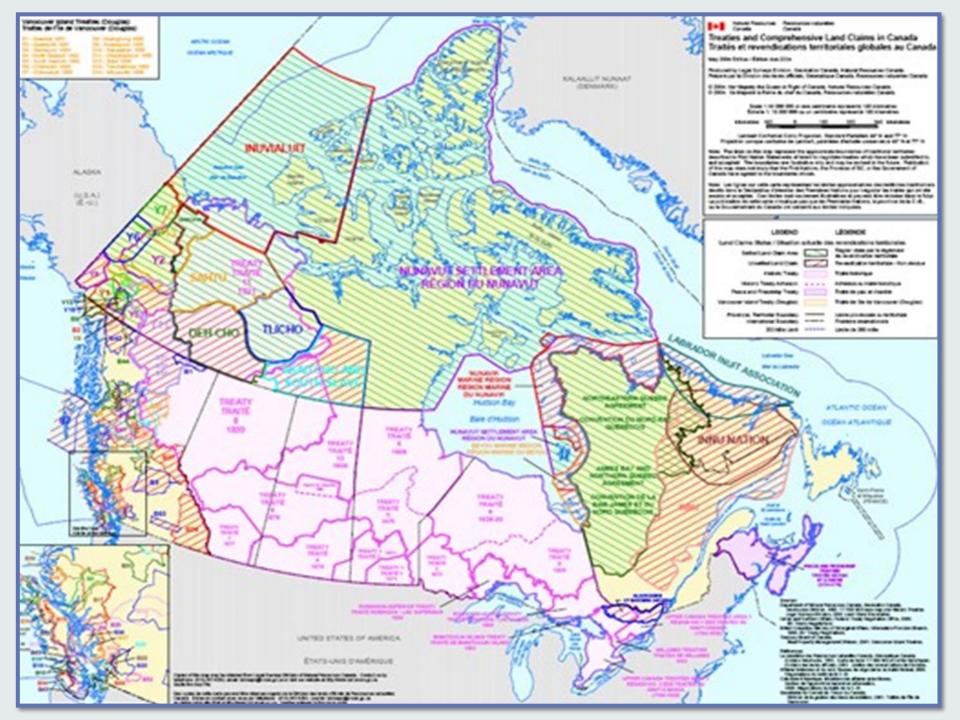
#### **Presented by Sol Sanderson**

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#### Overview

- Self-Termination vs Self-Determination
- Inherent Rights and Title
- Doctrine of Discovery and Colonial Policies
- International Treaties No. 1 to 11
- Legal and Political Framework
- Nation-to-Nation Government-to-Government Relationship



#### SELF-TERMINATION

Federal/Provincial - 2012 Plans and Strategies for Implementation of the Colonial Policies of the 1830 Detribalization Policies, the 1947 Plan to Liquidate Canada's Indian Problem within 25 Years, the 1969 White Paper policies, the 1974-76 Native Policies and the 1980's Buffalo Jump policies.

Based on Objectives of Assimilation, Civilization, Christianization,

Liquidation and Integration.

Section 25(2)

Constitution Act 1982

Section 35(1) and (2)

Section 91 Powers Section 92 Powers, Provincial Legislature

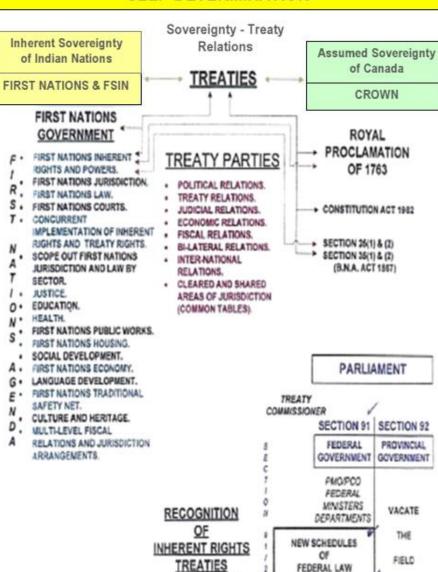
#### Parliament, Federal Government

- > Section 91-(24) Federal Jurisdiction for Indians and Indian lands.
- Indian Act and Amendments.
- Terminating Indian Title to Lands that are reserved by Treaty Making and the Treaties;
  - Land Management Act Fee Simple land Status on Reserves under Federal Jurisdiction:
    - Cowesses.
    - Muskoday.
    - Treaty Land Entitlement Bands.
  - o Private Properties Act
  - Matrimonial Act.
- Indian Taxation Board.
- 1st Generation Devolution policies. 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation Devolution policies.
- Transparency and Accountability Act.
- Federal Self-Government Policies:
  - o Meadow Lake Tribal Council.
  - o White Cap First Nation.
- > Finance Administration Act June 2010 Amendment.
- Federal Corporate law.
- Federal Institute Act(s).
- James Bay Cree NISH CAPI Act.
- NISGA act.
- Indian/Métis Act. (Yukon)
- Saskatchewan Land Entitlement Act.
- British Columbia First Nation Education Act. First Nations Inuit Health Branch Health
- transfer.
- Indian Information and Data.
- Human Rights Amendment to include Individual Rights versus Collective Rights.
- First Nation Election Act.
- On/Off Reserve Policies.

#### - Provincial Government

- Integration and Assimilation of:
  - Indian Education Indian Education Authorities.
  - Indian Health Indian Health Authorities:
    - · All Nation hospital.
    - Athabasca hospital.
    - NETHA.
  - Indian Child Care Child Care Agencies.
- > The Authorities and Agencies are incorporated under Provincial jurisdiction and
- > Organizations and Institutions incorporated under Provincial jurisdiction and laws:
  - o Federation of Saskatchewan Indians.
  - Meadow Lake Tribal Council.
  - Prince Albert Grand Council.
  - Saskatoon Tribal Council.
  - Touchwood/Qu'Appelle Tribal Council.
  - Battleford Tribal Council.
  - Battleford Agency Council.
  - Yorkton Tribal Council.
  - Treaty No. 4 East Tribal Council.
  - Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Association, Saskatchewan Indian Institute of Technology, First Nations University of Canada.
- > All Band, Tribal/Agency Councils, Federation of Saskatchewan Indian Nations Businesses are incorporated under Provincial jurisdiction and laws.
- Indian Information and Data.
- On/Off Reserve Policies.

#### SELF-DETERMINATION



TREATY RIGHTS

FEDERAL LAW

SCOPE OUT OF TOTAL

FEDERAL LEGAL, AND

FISCAL TREATY/

CONSTITUTIONAL

OBLIGATION BY SECTOR

#### Inherent Rights and Title of First Nations

The First Nations "Inherent Rights and Powers for Self-Determination and Self-Government" includes powers that are associated with the following:

- The powers to determine our form of government.
- The powers to determine our form of justice.
- The powers to determine our form of laws.
- The powers to determine our citizenship.
- The powers to determine our internal affairs.
- The powers to determine our external affairs.
- The powers to determine our international affairs.

The Inherent Rights and Title of First Nations are collective and individual rights that include:

- · traditions, customs and practices;
- · culture, spiritual and language;
- · education, health and social development, justice;
- lands and resources, water and air;
- economics;
- shelter, etc.

We must identify how all authorities' impact on Inherent rights:

- Definition
- Application & Enforcement
- Rights Reserved
- Rights Negotiated
- Treaty Benefits
- Charter of Rights and Freedoms
- Human Civil (Political Rights) International Law
- Canadian Law/Policies
- · Canadian Human Rights
- Constitution Act 1982, Sections: 25(1) & (2), 35(1) & (2), Section 91(24).

First Nations meet all the criteria of nationhood established under international law by the community of man; people, language, culture, territory and governments.

Inherent Rights	Definition	Application & Enforcement	Rights Reserved	Rights Negotiated	Treaty Benefits	Charter of Rights and Freedoms	Human Civil (Political Rights) International Law	Canadian Law/policies	Canadian Human Rights	Constitution Act 1982							
Traditions																	
Customs																	
Values																	
Practices																	
Culture																	
Language																	
Self-Government																	
Citizenship				What form of First													
Membership				Nations Law is required													
Land				respecting Inherent													
Resources				Rights?													
Water																	
Health				What form of Federal Law													
Education				is required respecting the recognition of Inherent													
Social Development																	
Economic				Rights?													
Justice																	
Shelter																	
Air																	

#### First Nations' Duties and Responsibilities for Inherent Rights by Band and Respective First Nation (Indian) Nation

- Each member of the Band has duties and responsibilities for each Inherent (Indian) Right.
- Inherent (Indian) Rights are the responsibility of each Indian.
- Inherent Rights are the responsibility of First Nations, Individual Bands and Bands collectively.
- First Nations (Indian)
  laws will be similar for
  each Inherent Right from
  Band to Band; any
  specifics can be
  regulated from Band to
  Band to reflect specific
  Band concerns and their
  respective customs and
  traditions.

	Traditions	Customs	Values	Practices	Culture	Language	Self-Government	Citizenship	Membership	Land	Resources	Water	Health	Education	Social Development	Economic	Justice	Shelter	Air
National (First Nation)																			
Band/Community Members																			
Collective																			
Individual																			
Duties/ Responsibilities																			
Plans																			
Laws																			
Policies																			
Institutions																			

(Not an exhaustive list.)

#### **Doctrine of Discovery and Colonial Policies**

#### 14<sup>th</sup> Century Papal Bull 1493

• Indigenous people are not human or Christian; they do not have sovereignty and government; they do not have title to lands and resources; they do not have rights.

#### Doctrine of Discovery

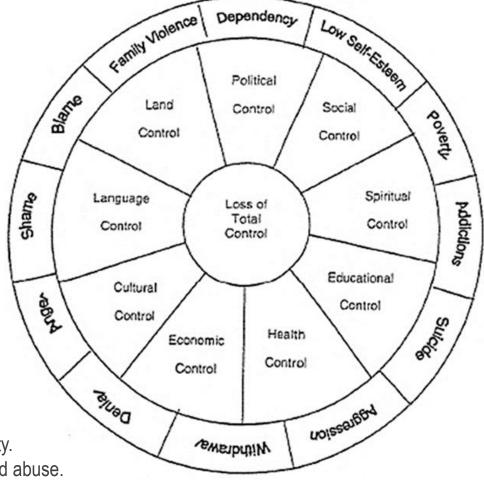
• Explorers of the empires took illegal control of indigenous land and resources. The empires implemented the doctrine of the "Law of Dominance" that made it legal to kill Indigenous peoples.

#### The Empire and Canadian Colonial Policies

- Objectives: Christianization, Civilization, Integration, Assimilation, Liquidation
- 1947 Plan to Liquidate Canada's Indian Problem within 25 years.
- 1974/76 Native Policies
- 1980 Buffalo Jump Policies
- Amending or constructing new laws to terminate the Special Status and Rights of Indians.
- Provincial governments terminating the special and unique programs and services for Indians under the Treaties and Constitutions.

### Symptoms of Loss of Control

- Poverty.
- Poor life skills.
- High drop-out rates.
- High rates of suicide.
- High rate of substance abuse.
- · High numbers of violent deaths.
- High rates of teenage pregnancy.
- Destruction of the Kinship/Clan systems.
- Loss of our cultural values.
- · Loss of our spiritual beliefs.
- Loss of pride in heritage and culture.
- Loss of our traditions, customs and practices.
- Loss of original language skills and knowledge.
- Loss of individual responsibility and accountability.
- Poor parenting skills resulting in child neglect and abuse.
- Youth violence, gang activity, drug trafficking and other illegal activities.
- High number of children in the provincial child welfare system care and control.
- High rate of involvement with the justice system resulting in high incarceration rates.
- Poor relationship skills resulting in high rates of family dysfunction, violence, abuse and breakdown.
- Low employment rates resulting in high numbers of social assistance recipients.
- Loss of political control and systems resulting in political disruptions, turmoil and breakdown in our communities.



#### **Powers of Governing**

#### **Inherent Sovereignty**

#### **Band Status**

Creator

Sovereignty

Inherent Rights

**Natural Laws** 

Treaty

**Before** 

**During** 

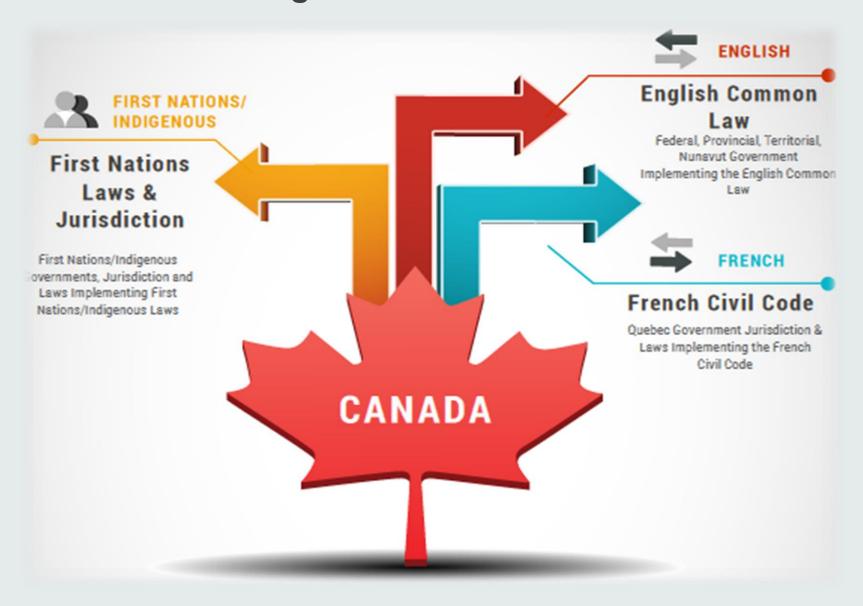
**After** 

**Indian Act** 

Status and powers defined by Federal Government

Local
Government
Status under
Federal
Jurisdiction

#### Interface of Legal and Jurisdictional Relations



## Legal and Political Framework

A new framework does not need to be negotiated because the existing framework identifies the lawful and political mandate to implement everything that has been included in the processes of reconciliation.

#### The Framework is governed by:

- Sovereign Relations
- Inherent Rights and Title
- International Treaties 1 to 11
- Royal Proclamation of 1763
- Constitution Act 1982
- International Laws
- United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP)
- American Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples

#### Three forms of Frameworks and Implementation

1

Crown and Indian
Nation Relations

Inherent Rights and Title

Treaties and Treaty Rights

Nation-to-Nation

Government-to-Government 2

Parliament and Federal Government

Termination of the 14th Century Paper Bulls, the Doctrine of Discovery and the Empire and Canadian Colonial Policies.

Unique and Special Laws

New Ministries of the Federal Government 3

Sovereignty of Indian Nations

Inherent
Sovereignty
granted to us by
the Creator

**Natural Laws** 

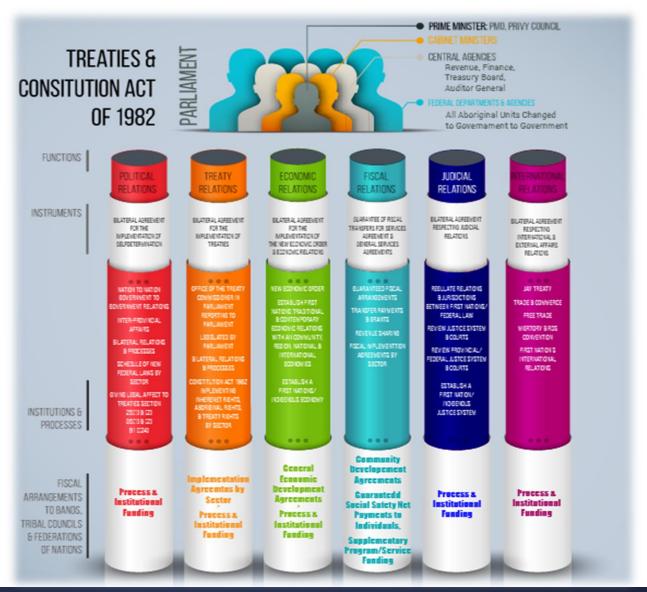
Justice System of Indian Nations

**FSIN** Convention

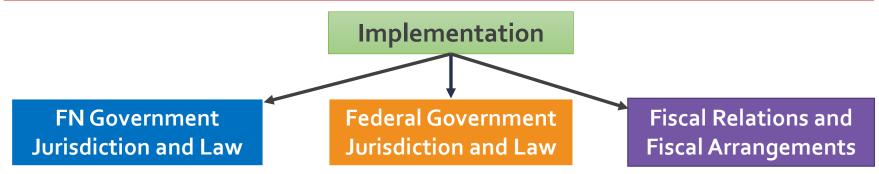
#### Nation-to-Nation Government-to-Government Relations Ministries and Departments

Ministries and Departments with the functions for:

- Political Relations
- Treaty Relations
- Economic Relations
- Fiscal Relations
- Judicial Relations
- International Relations



#### Schedule of Special and Unique Laws



Sectors requiring laws based on inherent rights and treaty under the systems of FN communities and/or intertribal:

- Justice and Judicial System
   Resource Revenue Sharing
- Citizenship/Membership
- Inherent Rights and Title, Treaty Rights
- Culture, Language, Spirituality
- Education
- FN Title to Lands
- FN Title to Resources
- Parks and Protected Areas

- Housing, Public Works and Infrastructure
- Hunting, Fishing, Trapping and Gathering
- Health and Social Development
- ICFS
- Social Safety Net
- Political Relations

- Administration and Enforcement
- Fiscal Relations
- Finance and Administration Acts
- FN Tax Regime
- Internal and External **Affairs**
- Economic and Development

(Not an exhaustive list.)

# FIRST NATIONS/ INDIGENOUS GOVERNMENTS

&

FIRST NATIONS
INSTITUTIONS

FISCAL RELATIONS

BILATERAL RELATIONS

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

ECONOMY ECONOMIC RELATIONS

INSTITUTES for LAW & GOVERNMENT

JUSTICE &
LEGAL SYSTEM

LEADERSHIP & EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TRAINING

IMPLEMENTATION of TREATIES, TREATY & INHERENT RIGHTS

ICT INFRASTRUCTURE & DATACENTERS, INFORMATION SECURITY

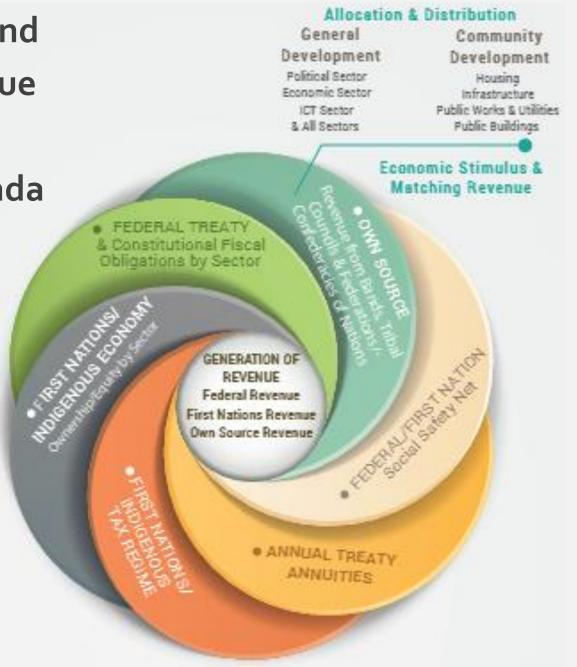
EDUCATION & HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT & TRAINING by SECTOR

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS
RESPECTING FIRST NATIONS, PROVINCIAL, FEDERAL

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
UN DECLARATION/RIGHTS of INDIGENOUS PEOPLES

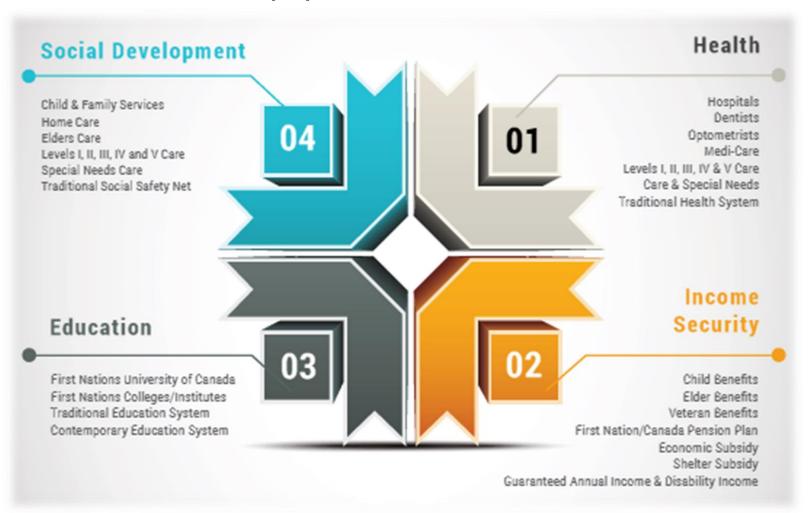
PLANNING & IMPLEMENTATION by SECTOR UNDER FIRST NATIONS GOVERNMENT, JURISDICTION & LAW

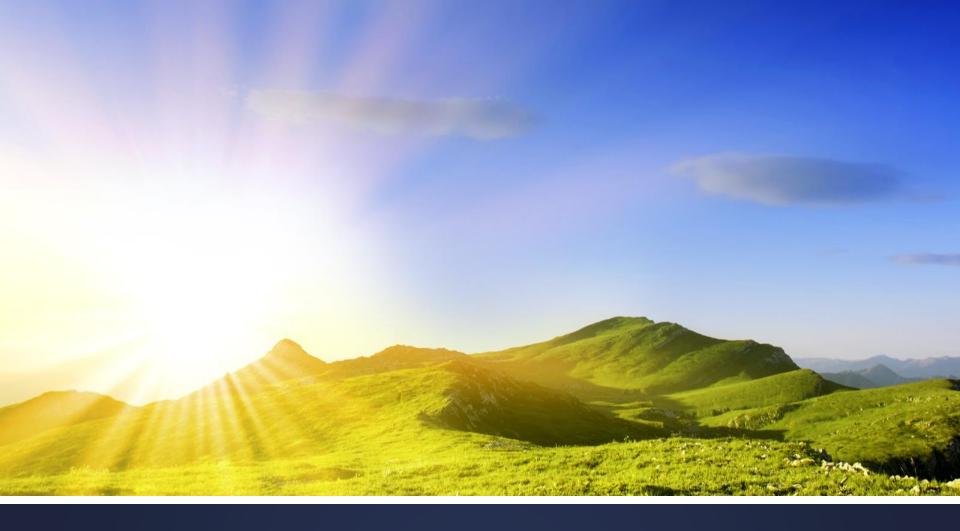
Fiscal Relations and Sources of Revenue Between First Nations and Canada



#### **First Nations Social Safety Net**

A Nation-to-Nation social transfer of supplementary funding and income security by sector for individuals and families.





#### **Questions or Comments?**